### **SYLLABUS OF COURSE (B1.2) AS PER CAR-66**

#### **MODULE-03 (ELECTRICAL FUNDAMENTAL)**

Task	Description
No.	
3.1	<ul> <li>Electron Theory</li> <li>Structure and distribution of electrical charges within: atoms, molecules, ions, compounds;</li> <li>Molecular structure of conductors, semiconductors and insulators.</li> </ul>
3.2	<ul> <li>Static Electricity and conduction</li> <li>Static electricity and distribution of electrostatic charges;</li> <li>Electrostatic laws of attraction and repulsion; Units of charge, Coulomb's Law;</li> <li>Conduction of electricity in solids, liquids, gases and a vacuum.</li> </ul>
3.3	<ul> <li>Electrical Terminology</li> <li>The following terms, their units and factors affecting them: potential difference, electromotive force, voltage, current, resistance, conductance, charge, conventional current flow, electron flow.</li> </ul>
3.4	<ul> <li>Generation of Electricity</li> <li>Production of electricity by the following methods: light, heat, friction, pressure, chemical action, magnetism and motion.</li> </ul>
3.5	<ul> <li>Construction and basic chemical action of: primary cells, secondary cells, lead acid cells, nickel cadmium cells, other alkaline cells; Cells connected in series and parallel; Internal resistance and its effect on a battery;</li> <li>Construction, materials and operation of thermocouples; Operation of photo-cells.</li> </ul>
3.6	<ul> <li>Ohms Law, Kirchoff's Voltage and Current Laws;</li> <li>Calculations using the above laws to find resistance, voltage and current;</li> <li>Significance of the internal resistance of a supply.</li> </ul>
3.7	<ul> <li>Resistance/Resistors</li> <li>Resistance and affecting factors;</li> <li>Specific resistance;</li> <li>Resistor colour code, values and tolerances, preferred values, wattage ratings</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>Resistors in series and parallel;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Calculation of total resistance using series, parallel and</li> </ul>
	series parallel combinations;
	<ul> <li>Operation and use of potentiometers and rheostats;</li> </ul>
	Operation of Wheatstone Bridge.
	<ul> <li>Positive and negative temperature coefficient conductance;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Fixed resistors, stability, tolerance and limitations,</li> </ul>
	methods of construction;
	<ul> <li>Variable resistors, thermistors, voltage dependent</li> </ul>
	resistors;
	<ul> <li>Construction of potentiometers and rheostats;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Construction of Wheatstone Bridge;</li> </ul>
3.8	Power
	<ul> <li>Power, work and energy (kinetic and potential);</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Dissipation of power by a resistor;</li> </ul>
	Power formula;
	<ul> <li>Calculations involving power, work and energy.</li> </ul>
3.9	Capacitance/Capacitor
	<ul> <li>Operation and function of a capacitor;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Factors affecting capacitance area of plates, distance</li> </ul>
	between plates, number of plates, dielectric and dielectric
	constant, working voltage, voltage rating;
	<ul> <li>Capacitor types, construction and function;</li> </ul>
	Capacitor colour coding;
	<ul> <li>Calculations of capacitance and voltage in series and</li> </ul>
	parallel circuits;
	<ul> <li>Exponential charge and discharge of a capacitor, time</li> </ul>
	constants;
	Testing of capacitors.
3.10	Magnetism
	Theory of magnetism;
	Properties of a magnet
	<ul> <li>Action of a magnet suspended in the Earth's magnetic field;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Magnetisation and demagnetisation;</li> </ul>
	Magnetic shielding;
	<ul> <li>Various types of magnetic material;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Electromagnets construction and principles of operation;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Hand clasp rules to determine: magnetic field around</li> </ul>
	current carrying conductor.
	<ul> <li>Magnetomotive force, field strength, magnetic flux density,</li> </ul>
	permeability, hysteresis loop, retentivity, coercive force
	reluctance, saturation point, eddy currents;
0.44	Precautions for care and storage of magnets
3.11	Inductance/Inductor

	• Faraday's Law;
	<ul> <li>Action of inducing a voltage in a conductor moving in a magnetic field;</li> </ul>
	Induction principles;
	<ul> <li>Effects of the following on the magnitude of an induced voltage: magnetic field strength, rate of change of flux, number of conductor turns;</li> </ul>
	Mutual induction;
	The effect the rate of change of primary current and
	mutual inductance has on induced voltage;
	<ul> <li>Factors affecting mutual inductance: number of turns in coil, physical size of coil, permeability of coil, position of coils with respect to each other;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Lenz's Law and polarity determining rules;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Back emf, self induction;</li> </ul>
	Saturation point;
	<ul> <li>Principle uses of inductors;</li> </ul>
3.12	DC Motor/Generator Theory
	<ul> <li>Basic motor and generator theory;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Construction and purpose of components in DC generator;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Operation of, and factors affecting output and direction of</li> </ul>
	current flow in DC generators;
	<ul> <li>Operation of, and factors affecting output power, torque,</li> </ul>
	speed and direction of rotation of DC motors;
	<ul> <li>Series wound, shunt wound and compound motors;</li> </ul>
	Starter Generator construction.
3.13	AC Theory
	Sinusoidal waveform: phase, period, frequency,
	cycle;Instantaneous, average, root mean square, peak, peak
	to peak current values and calculations of these values, in
	relation to voltage, current and power  Triangular/Square waves;
	, 1
3.14	Single/3 phase principles.  Posistive (P) Conscitive (C) and Industive (L) Circuits
3.14	Resistive (R), Capacitive (C) and Inductive (L) Circuits  • Phase relationship of voltage and current in L, C and R
	circuits, parallel, series and series parallel;
	<ul> <li>Power dissipation in L, C and R circuits;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Impedance, phase angle, power factor and current</li> </ul>
	calculations;
	<ul> <li>True power, apparent power and reactive power</li> </ul>
	calculations.
3.15	Transformers
0.10	Transformer construction principles and operation;
	Transformer construction principles and operation,

	<ul> <li>Transformer losses and methods for overcoming them;</li> <li>Transformer action under load and no-load conditions;</li> <li>Power transfer, efficiency, polarity markings;</li> <li>Calculation of line and phase voltages and currents;</li> <li>Calculation of power in a three phase system;</li> <li>Primary and Secondary current, voltage, turns ratio, power, efficiency;</li> <li>Auto transformers.</li> </ul>
3.16	Filters
	<ul> <li>Operation, application and uses of the following filters: low</li> </ul>
	pass, high pass, band pass, band stop.
2.47	ACC
3.17	AC Generators
	<ul> <li>Rotation of loop in a magnetic field and waveform produced;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Operation and construction of revolving armature and</li> </ul>
	revolving field type AC generators;
	<ul> <li>Single phase, two phase and three phase alternators;</li> </ul>
	Three phase star and delta connections advantages
	anduses;
3.18	Permanent Magnet Generators.  AC Motors
3.18	
	<ul> <li>Construction, principles of operation and characteristics of: AC synchronous and induction motors both single and</li> </ul>
	polyphase;
	<ul> <li>Methods of speed control and direction of rotation;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Methods of producing a rotating field: capacitor, inductor, shaded or split pole.</li> </ul>

#### **Module-04 (Electronic Fundamentals)**

Task No.	Description
4.1	Semiconductors
4.1.1	Diodes
	Diode symbols;
	<ul> <li>Diode characteristics and properties;</li> </ul>
	Diodes in series and parallel;
	<ul> <li>Main characteristics and use of silicon controlled rectifiers (thyristors),</li> </ul>
	light emitting diode, photo conductive diode, varistor, rectifier diodes;
	<ul> <li>Functional testing of diodes.</li> </ul>
4.1.2	Transistors
	<ul> <li>Transistor symbols;</li> </ul>

	Component description and orientation;
	Transistor characteristics and properties.
4.1.3	Integrated Circuits
	Description and operation of logic circuits and linear
	circuits/operational amplifiers.
4.2	Printed Circuits Board
	<ul> <li>Description and use of printed circuit boards.</li> </ul>
4.3	Servomechanism
	<ul> <li>Understanding of the following terms: Open and closed loop systems,</li> </ul>
	feedback, follow up, analogue transducers;
	<ul> <li>Principles of operation and use of the following synchro system</li> </ul>
	components/features: resolvers, differential, control and torque,
	transformers, inductance and capacitance transmitters.

#### **MODULE-05** (Digital Technique/Electronic instruments System)

Task	Description
No.	
5.1	Electronic Instruments System
	Typical systems arrangements and cockpit layout of electronic instrument
	systems.
5.10	Fiber Optics
	<ul> <li>Advantages and disadvantages of fibre optic data transmission over electrical wire propagation;</li> </ul>
	Fibre optic data bus;
	<ul> <li>Fibre optic related terms; Terminations; Couplers, control terminals, remote terminals;</li> </ul>
	Application of fibre optics in aircraft systems.
5.11	Electronic Displays
0.11	Principles of operation of common types of displays used in modern aircraft,
	including Cathode Ray Tubes, Light Emitting Diodes and Liquid Crystal Display.
5.12	Electrostatic Sensitive Devices
	<ul> <li>Special handling of components sensitive to electrostatic discharges;</li> </ul>
	Awareness of risks and possible damage, component and personnel anti-static
	protection devices.
5.13	Software Management Control
	<ul> <li>Awareness of restrictions, airworthiness requirements and possible</li> </ul>
	catastrophic effects of unapproved changes to software programmes.
5.14	Electromagnetic Environment
	<ul> <li>Influence of the following phenomena on maintenance practices for electronic</li> </ul>
	system: EMC-Electromagnetic Compatibility
	EMI-Electromagnetic Interference
	HIRF-High Intensity Radiated Field Lightning/lightning protection.

5.15	Typical Electronic/Digital Aircraft System
	<ul> <li>General arrangement of typical electronic/digital aircraft systems and</li> </ul>
	associated BITE(Built In Test Equipment) testing such as:
	ACARS-ARINC Communication and Addressing and Reporting System
	EICAS-Engine Indication and Crew Alerting System FBW-Fly by Wire
	FMS-Flight Management System
	IRS-Inertial reference system
	ECAM-Electronic Centralised Aircraft Monitoring EFIS-Electronic Flight
	Instrument System
	GPS-Global Positioning System
	TCAS-Traffic Collission Avoidance system Integrated modular Avionics Cabin
	Information system.

## **Module 6 (Materials and Hardware)**

Task	Description
No.	•
6.1	Aircraft Materials - Ferrous
	<ul> <li>Characteristics, properties and identification of common alloy steels used in</li> </ul>
	aircraft;
	<ul> <li>Heat treatment and application of alloy steels;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Testing of ferrous materials for hardness, tensile strength, fatigue strength and</li> </ul>
	impact resistance.
6.2	Aircraft Materials- Non Ferrous
	<ul> <li>Characteristics, properties and identification of common non-ferrous materials</li> </ul>
	used in aircraft;
	<ul> <li>Heat treatment and application of non-ferrous materials;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Testing of non-ferrous material for hardness, tensile strength, fatigue strength</li> </ul>
	and impact resistance.
6.3	Aircraft Materials- Composite and Non-Metallic
6.3.1	Composite and Non-metallic other than wood and fabric
	<ul> <li>Characteristics, properties and identification of common composite and</li> </ul>
	nonmetallic materials, other than wood, used in aircraft;
	<ul> <li>Sealant and bonding agents.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The detection of defects/deterioration in composite and non-metallic material.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Repair of composite and non-metallic material.</li> </ul>
6.3.2	Wooden Structure
	<ul> <li>Construction methods of wooden airframe structures;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Characteristics, properties and types of wood and glue used in aeroplanes;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Preservation and maintenance of wooden structure;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Types of defects in wood material and wooden structures;</li> </ul>

	The detection of defects in wooden structure;
( ) )	Repair of wooden structure.  This Control is a second of the second
6.3.3	Fabric Covering
	<ul> <li>Characteristics, properties and types of fabrics used in aeroplanes;</li> </ul>
	Inspections methods for fabric;  The fabric fa
	Types of defects in fabric;  But the fabric is a fabric in the fabric in fabric i
C 1	Repair of fabric covering.
6.4	Corrosion
	Chemical fundamentals;    Convertion for the property of
	Formation by, galvanic action process, microbiological, stress;  The stress of th
	Types of corrosion and their identification;
	• Causes of corrosion;
<i>.</i>	Material types, susceptibility to corrosion.
6.5	Fasteners
6.5.1	Screw Threads
	Screw nomenclature;  The latest and the latest are the latest and the latest are the latest
	<ul> <li>Thread forms, dimensions and tolerances for standard threads used in aircraft;</li> </ul>
	Measuring screw threads;
6.5.2	Bolts, Studs and Screws
	Bolt types: specification, identification and marking of aircraft bolts,
	international standards;
	Nuts: self locking, anchor, standard types;
	Machine screws: aircraft specifications;
	Studs: types and uses, insertion and removal;
	Self tapping screws, dowels.
6.5.3	Locking Devices
	Tab and spring washers, locking plates, split pins, plain nuts, wire locking,
	quick release fasteners, keys, circlips, cotter pins.
6.5.4	Aircraft Rivets
	Types of solid and blind rivets: specifications and identification, heattreatment.
6.6	Pipes and Unions
	Identification of, and types of rigid and flexible pipes and their connectors used
	in aircraft;
	Standard unions for aircraft hydraulic, fuel, oil, pneumatic and air system pipes
6.7	Springs
6.0	Types of springs, materials, characteristics and applications
6.8	Bearings
	Purpose of bearings, loads, material, construction; Types of bearings and their
( 0	application.
6.9	Transmission
	Gear types and their application;  Coor ratios, reduction and multiplication good gustoms driven and driving.
	Gear ratios, reduction and multiplication gear systems, driven and driving  georg idler georg much patterns.
	gears, idler gears, mesh patterns;

	Belts and pulleys, chains and sprockets.
6.10	Control Cables
	<ul> <li>Types of cables; End fittings, turnbuckles and compensation devices;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Pulleys and cable system components;</li> </ul>
	Bowden cables;
	Aircraft flexible control systems.
6.11	Electrical Cables and Connectors
	<ul> <li>Cable types, construction and characteristics;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>High tension and co-axial cables;</li> </ul>
	• Crimping;
	<ul> <li>Connector types, pins, plugs, sockets, insulators, current and voltage rating,</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>coupling, identification codes.</li> </ul>

# **Module 7A (Maintenance Practice)**

Task	Description
No.	
7.1	Safety Precautions-Aircraft and Workshop
	Aspects of safe working practices including precautions to take when working
	with electricity, gases especially oxygen, oils and chemicals. Also, instruction in
	the remedial action to be taken in the event of a fire or another accident with one
	or more of these hazards including knowledge on extinguishing agents.
7.2	Workshop Practices
	<ul> <li>Care of tools, control of tools, use of workshop materials;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Dimensions, allowances and tolerances, standards of workmanship;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Calibration of tools and equipment, calibration standards.</li> </ul>
7.3	Tools
	Common hand tool types;
	Common power tool types;
	<ul> <li>Operation and use of precision measuring tools;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Lubrication equipment and methods.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Operation, function and use of electrical general test equipment;</li> </ul>
7.4	Avionics General Test Equipments
	<ul> <li>Operation, function and use of avionic general test equipment.</li> </ul>
7.5	Engineering Drawings, Diagrams and Standards
	<ul> <li>Drawing types and diagrams, their symbols, dimensions, tolerances and</li> </ul>
	• projections;
	Identifying title block information
	<ul> <li>Microfilm, microfiche and computerized presentations;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Specification 100 of the Air Transport Association (ATA) of America;</li> </ul>

	A
	Aeronautical and other applicable standards including
	• ISO, AN, MS, NAS and MIL;
	Wiring diagrams and schematic diagrams.
7.6	Fits and Clearances
	<ul> <li>Drill sizes for bolt holes, classes of fits;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Common system of fits and clearances;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Schedule of fits and clearances for aircraft and engines;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Limits for bow, twist and wear;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Standard methods for checking shafts, bearings</li> </ul>
7.7	Electrical Wiring Interconnection System(EWIS)
	<ul> <li>Continuity, insulation and bonding techniques and testing;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Use of crimp tools: hand and hydraulic operated;</li> </ul>
	Testing of crimp joints;
	Connector pin removal and insertion;
	<ul> <li>Co-axial cables: testing and installation precautions;</li> </ul>
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	Wiring protection techniques: Cable looming and loomsupport, cable clamps,
	protective sleeving techniquesincluding heat shrink wrapping, shielding.
	<ul> <li>EWIS installations, inspection, repair, maintenance and clean liness standards.</li> </ul>
7.8	Riveting
, .0	Riveted joints, rivet spacing and pitch;
	Tools used for riveting and dimpling;
	<ul> <li>Inspection of riveted joints.</li> </ul>
7.9	Pipes and Hoses
, , ,	Bending and belling/flaring aircraft pipes;
	<ul> <li>Inspection and testing of aircraft pipes and hoses;</li> </ul>
7.10	Springs
7.10	Inspection and testing of springs.
7.11	Bearings
/.11	Testing, cleaning and inspection of bearings;
	<ul> <li>Lubrication requirements of bearings;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Defects in bearings and their causes.</li> </ul>
7.12	Transmission
7.12	Inspection of gears, backlash;
7.13	<ul> <li>Inspection of belts and pulleys, chains and sprockets; Inspection of screw jacks,</li> <li>Control Cables</li> </ul>
7.13	
	Swaging of end fittings;      Inspection and testing of control cobleg.
	Inspection and testing of control cables;  Beautiful as inspection of florible control cables;
714	Bowden cables; aircraft flexible control systems.  Metarial Handling
7.14	Material Handling
7.14.1	Sheet Metal
	Marking out and calculation of bend allowance; Sheet metal working, including
	bending and forming; Inspection of sheet metal work.

7.14.2	Composite and Non-Metallic
	<ul> <li>Bonding practices; Environmental conditions Inspection methods.</li> </ul>
7.15	Welding, Brazing, Soldering and Bonding
	<ul> <li>Soldering methods; inspection of soldered joints.</li> </ul>
	Welding and brazing methods;
	<ul> <li>Inspection of welded and brazed joints;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Bonding methods and inspection.</li> </ul>
7.16	Aircraft Weight and Balance
	<ul> <li>Centre of Gravity/Balance limits calculation: use of relevant documents;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Preparation of aircraft for weighing;</li> </ul>
	Aircraft weighing;
7.17	Aircraft Handling and Storage
	<ul> <li>Aircraft taxiing/towing and associated safety precautions;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Aircraft jacking, chocking, securing and associated safety precautions;</li> </ul>
	Aircraft storage methods;
	Refuelling/defuelling procedures;
	<ul> <li>De-icing/anti-icing procedures;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Electrical, hydraulic and pneumatic ground supplies.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Effects of environmental conditions on aircraft handling and operation.</li> </ul>
7.18	Disassembly, Inspection, Repair and Assembly Techniques
	<ul> <li>Types of defects and visual inspection techniques.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Corrosion removal, assessment and reprotection.</li> </ul>
	General repair methods, Structural Repair Manual;
	<ul> <li>Ageing, fatigue and corrosion control programmes;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Non destructive inspection techniques including, penetrant, radiographic, eddy</li> </ul>
	current, ultrasonic and boroscope methods.
	<ul> <li>Disassembly and re-assembly techniques.</li> </ul>
	Trouble shooting techniques.
7.19	Abnormal Events
	<ul> <li>Inspections following lightning strikes and HIRF penetration.</li> </ul>
	Inspections following abnormal events such as heavy landings and flight
	through turbulence.
7.20	Maintenance Procedures
	Maintenance planning;
	Modification procedures;
	• Stores procedures;
	Certification/release procedures;
	Interface with aircraft operation;
	Maintenance Inspection/Quality Control/Quality Assurance;
	Additional maintenance procedures.
	Control of life limited components.

### Module 8 (Basic Aerodynamics)

Task	Description
No.	
8.1	Physics of Atmosphere
	<ul> <li>International Standard Atmosphere (ISA), application to aerodynamics.</li> </ul>
8.2	Aerodynamics
	Airflow around a body;
	<ul> <li>Boundary layer, laminar and turbulent flow, free stream flow, relative</li> </ul>
	airflow,upwash and downwash, vortices, stagnation;
	<ul> <li>The terms: camber, chord, mean aerodynamic chord, profile (parasite)</li> </ul>
	drag,induced drag, centre of pressure, angle of attack, wash in and wash
	out,fineness ratio, wing shape and aspect ratio;Thrust, Weight, Aerodynamic
	Resultant;Generation of Lift and Drag: Angle of Attack, Lift coefficient,Drag
	coefficient, polar curve, stall;
	Aerofoil contamination including ice, snow, frost.
8.3	Theory of Flight
	<ul> <li>Relationship between lift, weight, thrust and drag;</li> </ul>
	Glide ratio;
	Steady state flights, performance;
	Theory of the turn;
	<ul> <li>Influence of load factor: stall, flight envelope and structural limitations;</li> </ul>
	Lift augmentation.
8.4	Flight Stability and Dynamics
	<ul> <li>Longitudinal, lateral and directional stability (active and passive).</li> </ul>

### **Module 9A (Human Factors)**

Task	Description
No.	
9.1	General
	The need to take human factors into account;
	<ul> <li>Incidents attributable to human factors/human error;</li> </ul>
	• 'Murphy's' law.
9.2	Human Performance and Limitation
	• Vision;

	Hearing;
	<ul><li>Information processing;</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Attention and perception;</li> </ul>
	Memory;
	Claustrophobia and physical access.
9.3	Social Psychology
	Responsibility: individual and group;
	Motivation and de-motivation;
	Peer pressure;
	'Culture' issues;
	Team working;
	<ul> <li>Management, supervision and leadership.</li> </ul>
9.4	Factors Affecting Performances
	Fitness/health;
	Stress: domestic and work related;
	Time pressure and deadlines;
	<ul> <li>Workload: overload and underload;</li> </ul>
	Sleep and fatigue, shiftwork;
	Alcohol, medication, drug abuse.
9.5	Physical Environment
	Noise and fumes;
	Illumination;
	Climate and temperature;
	Motion and vibration;
0.6	Working environment.
9.6	Tasks
	Physical work;
	Repetitive tasks;
	Visual inspection;  Converted to the second se
0.7	Complex systems.  Communication
9.7	
	<ul><li>Within and between teams;</li><li>Work logging and recording;</li></ul>
	<ul><li>Keeping up to date, currency;</li><li>Dissemination of information.</li></ul>
9.8	Human Error
7.0	Error models and theories;
	<ul> <li>Types of error in maintenance tasks;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Implications of errors (i.e accidents)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Avoiding and managing errors.</li> </ul>
9.9	Hazards in the Workplace
	Recognising and avoiding hazards;
	Dealing with emergencies.
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## **Module 10 (Aviation Legislation)**

Task	Description
No.	
10.1	Regulatory Framework
	Role of International Civil Aviation Organisation;
	The Aircraft Act and Rules made there under
	Role of the DGCA;
	<ul> <li>Relationship between CAR-21, CAR-M, CAR-145, CAR-66, CAR 147</li> </ul>
	The Aircraft Rules ( Applicable to Aircraft Maintenance and Release)
	Aeronautical Information Circulars ( Applicable to Aircraft Maintenance and
	Release)
	CAR Sections 1 and 2
10.2	CAR-66 Certifying Staff - Maintenance
	Detailed understanding of CAR-66.
10.3	CAR-145- Approved Maintenance Organisation
	<ul> <li>Detailed understanding of CAR-145 and CAR M Subpart F.</li> </ul>
10.4	Aircraft Operations
	Commercial Air Transport/Commercial Operations
	Air Operators Certificates;
	Operators Responsibilities, in particular regarding continuing
	airworthinessand maintenance;
	<ul> <li>Documents to be carried on board;</li> </ul>
	Aircraft Play carding (Markings);
10.5	Aircraft Certification
	General
	<ul> <li>Certification rules: such as FAA &amp; EACS 23/25/27/29;</li> </ul>
	Type Certification;
	Supplemental Type Certification;
	<ul> <li>CAR-21 Design/Production Organisation Approvals.</li> </ul>
	Aircraft Modifications and repairs approval and certification
	Permit to fly requirements.
	Documents
	Certificate of Airworthiness;
	Certificate of Registration;
	Noise Certificate;
	Weight Schedule;
	Radio Station Licence and Approval.

10.6	CAR-M
	<ul> <li>Detail understanding of CAR M provisions related to Continuing Airworthiness</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Detailed understanding of CAR-M.</li> </ul>
10.7	Applicable National and International Requirements
	<ul> <li>Maintenance Programme, Maintenance checks and inspections;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Master Minimum Equipment Lists, Minimum Equipment List, Dispatch</li> </ul>
	Deviation Lists;
	<ul> <li>Airworthiness Directives; Service Bulletins, manufacturers service information;</li> </ul>
	Modifications and repairs;
	Maintenance documentation: maintenance manuals, structural repair manual,
	illustrated parts catalogue, etc.;
	<ul> <li>Continuing airworthiness;</li> </ul>
	Test flights;
	<ul> <li>ETOPS /EDTO, maintenance and dispatch requirements;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>RVSM, maintenance and dispatch requirements</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>RNP, MNPS Operations All Weather Operations,</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Category 2/3 operations and minimum equipment requirements.</li> </ul>
10.8	Safety Management System
	State Safety Programme
	Basic Safety Concepts
	Hazards & Safety Risks
	SMS Operation
	SMS Safety performance
	Safety Assurance
10.9	Fuel Tank Safety
	Special Federal Aviation Regulations (SFARs) from 14 CFR SFAR 88 of the FAA
	and of JAA TGL 47
	• Concept of CDCCL,
	<ul> <li>Airworthiness Limitations Items (ALI)</li> </ul>

#### **Module 11B (Piston Aeroplane Aerodynamics, Structure and Systems)**

Task	Description
No.	
11.1	Theory of Flight
11.1.1	Aeroplane Aerodynamics and Flight Controls
	Operation and effect of:
	roll control: ailerons and spoilers;

	pitch control: elevators, stabilators, variable incidence stabilizers and canards;
	yaw control, rudder limiters;
	Control using elevons, ruddervators;     High lift deviges glots glots flore florerong.
	<ul> <li>High lift devices, slots, slats, flaps, flaperons;</li> <li>Drag inducing devices, spoilers, lift dumpers, speed brakes;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Effects of wing fences, saw tooth leading edges;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Boundary layer control using, vortex generators, stall wedges or leadingedge devices;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Operation and effect of trim tabs, balance and anti -balance(leading) tabs, servo tabs,</li> </ul>
	spring tabs, mass balance, control surface bias, aerodynamic balance panels;
11.2	Airframe Structures - General Concepts
	Airworthiness requirements for structural strength; Structural
	classification, primary, secondary and tertiary;
	<ul> <li>Fail safe, safe life, damage tolerance concepts;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Zonal and station identification systems;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Stress, strain, bending, compression, shear, torsion, tension, hoop stress,</li> </ul>
	fatigue;
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	Drains and ventilation provisions;  Output  Description:
	System installation provisions;
	Lightning strike protection provision.
	Aircraft bonding.
	<ul> <li>Construction methods of: stressed skin fuselage, formers, stringers,</li> </ul>
	longerons, bulkheads, frames, doublers, struts, ties, beams, floor
	structures, reinforcement,
	<ul> <li>Methods of skinning, anti-corrosive protection, wing, empennage and</li> </ul>
	engine attachments;
	<ul> <li>Structure assembly techniques: riveting, bolting, bonding;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Methods of surface protection, such as chromating, anodising, painting;</li> </ul>
	Surface cleaning;
	Airframe symmetry: methods of alignment and symmetry checks.
11.3	Airframe Structures – Aeroplanes
	•
11.3.1	Fuselage
	Construction and pressurization sealing;
	Wing, tail-plane pylon and undercarriage attachments;
	• Seat installation;
	<ul> <li>Doors and emergency exits: construction and operation;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Window and windscreen attachment.</li> </ul>
11.3.2	Wings
11.3.4	_
	• Construction;
	• Fuel storage;
	<ul> <li>Landing gear, pylon, control surface and high lift/drag attachments.</li> </ul>

11.3.3	Stabilisers
	Construction;
	Control surface attachment.
11.3.4	Flight Control Surfaces
	Construction and attachment;
	Balancing — mass and aerodynamic.
11.3.5	Nacelles/Pylons
	Nacelles/Pylons:
	Construction;
	Firewalls;
	Engine mounts.
11.5	Instruments/Avionics System
11.5.1	Instruments System
	<ul> <li>Pitot static: altimeter, air speed indicator, vertical speed indicator;</li> </ul>
	Gyroscopic: artificial horizon, attitude director, direction indicator, horizontal situation
	indicator, turn and slip indicator, turn coordinator;
	Compasses: direct reading, remote reading;
	Angle of attack indication, stall warning systems.
	Glass cockpit;
11 5 2	Other aircraft system indication.
11.5.2	Avionics System
	Fundamentals of system lay-outs and operation of:  A
	Auto Flight (ATA 22);
	Communications (ATA 23); Navigation Systems (ATA 34).
11.6	Electrical Power
	Batteries Installation and Operation;
	DC power generation;
	Voltage regulation;
	Power distribution;
	Circuit protection;
11.14	Lights
	External: navigation, anti collision, landing, taxiing, ice;
	Internal: cabin, cockpit, cargo; Emergency.

### **Module 16 (Piston Engine)**

Task	Description
No.	
16.1	Fundamentals
	Mechanical, thermal and volumetric efficiencies;

	Operating principles — 2 stroke, 4 stroke, Otto and Diesel;
	<ul> <li>Piston displacement and compression ratio;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Engine configuration and firing order.</li> </ul>
	Engine comiguration and ming order.
16.2	Engine Performance
	Power calculation and measurement;
	Factors affecting engine power;
	Mixtures/leaning, pre-ignition.
16.3	Engine Construction
	<ul> <li>Crank case, crank shaft, cam shafts, sumps;</li> </ul>
	Accessory gearbox;
	Cylinder and piston assemblies;
	<ul> <li>Connecting rods, inlet and exhaust manifolds;</li> </ul>
	Valve mechanisms;
	Propeller reduction gearboxes.
16.4	Engine Fuel System
1641	Cardannatana
16.4.1	Carburetors
	Types, construction and principles of operation;  Leight and beating.
1642	Icing and heating.  Eval tria stion System
16.4.2	Fuel Injection System
	Types, construction and principles of operation.
16.4.3	Electronic Engine Control
	Operation of engine control and fuel metering systems including electronic
	engine control (FADEC);
	Systems lay-out and components.
16.5	Starting and Ignition System
	Starting systems, pre-heat systems;
	<ul> <li>Magneto types, construction and principles of operation;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Ignition harnesses, spark plugs;</li> </ul>
	Low and high tension systems.
16.6	Induction, Exhaust and Cooling Systems
	<ul> <li>Construction and operation of: induction systems including alternate air</li> </ul>
	systems;
	<ul> <li>Exhaust systems, engine cooling systems — air and liquid.</li> </ul>
165	
16.7	Supercharging/Turbocharging
	<ul> <li>Principles and purpose of supercharging and its effects on engine parameters;</li> </ul>

	Construction and operation of supercharging/turbocharging systems;
	System terminology;
	Control systems;
	System protection
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	• .
16.8	Lubricants and Fuels
	<ul> <li>Properties and specifications;</li> </ul>
	Fuel additives;
	Safety precautions.
16.9	Lubrication System
	<ul> <li>System operation/lay-out and components.</li> </ul>
1610	
16.10	Engine Indication System
	• Engine speed;
	Cylinder head temperature;
	Coolant temperature;
	Oil pressure and temperature;
	Exhaust Gas Temperature;
	Fuel pressure and flow;
	Manifold pressure.
16.11	Powerplant Installation
	<ul> <li>Configuration of firewalls, cowlings, acoustic panels, engine mounts, anti-</li> </ul>
	vibration mounts, hoses, pipes, feeders, connectors, wiring looms, control
1610	cables and rods, lifting points and drains.
16.12	Engine Monitoring and Ground Operation
	Procedures for starting and ground run-up;
	Interpretation of engine power output and parameters;
	Inspection of engine and components: criteria, tolerances, and data specified
1610	by engine manufacturer.
16.13	Engine storage and Preservation
	<ul> <li>Preservation and de-preservation for the engine and accessories/ systems.</li> </ul>

## **Module 17 (Propeller)**

17.1	Fundamentals
	Blade element theory;
	<ul> <li>High/low blade angle, reverse angle, angle of attack, rotational</li> </ul>
	speed;
	Propeller slip;
	<ul> <li>Aerodynamic, centrifugal, and thrust forces;</li> </ul>
	Torque;
	<ul> <li>Relative airflow on blade angle of attack;</li> </ul>
	Vibration and resonance.
17.2	Propeller Construction
	<ul> <li>Construction methods and materials used in wooden, composite and</li> </ul>
	metal propellers;
	<ul> <li>Blade station, blade face, blade shank, blade back and hub assembly;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Fixed pitch, controlInHousele pitch, constant speeding propeller;</li> </ul>
	Propeller/spinner installation.
17.3	Propeller Pitch Control
	<ul> <li>Speed control and pitch change methods, mechanical and</li> </ul>
	electrical/electronic;
	Feathering and reverse pitch;
	Overspeed protection.
17.4	Propeller Synchronizing
	Synchronising and synchrophasing equipment.
17.5	Propeller Ice Protection
1 - 1	Fluid and electrical de-icing equipment.
17.6	Propeller Maintenance
	Static and dynamic balancing;
	Blade tracking;
	Assessment of blade damage, erosion, corrosion, impact damage,
	delamination;
	Propeller treatment/repair schemes;  Propeller treatment/repair schemes;
177	Propeller engine running.
17.7	Propeller Storage and Preservation
	<ul> <li>Propeller preservation and de-preservation.</li> </ul>